
Cuaderno de notas de trabajo

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Cuaderno 25

Principio Variacional.

$$(1) \quad \delta \int_A^B \frac{M_{ij} dx^i dx^j}{\sqrt{N_{pq} dx^p dx^q}} = 0$$

- 1) El escenario es un espacio de cuatro dimensiones; las coordenadas x^1, x^2, x^3, x^4 .

$$dx^i = (dx^1, dx^2, dx^3, dx^4).$$

- 2) M_{ij} y N_{pq} son dos tensores, doblemente covariantes.

- 3) A y B son dos puntos del espacio de 4 dimensiones,

$$A(x_A^1, x_A^2, x_A^3, x_A^4);$$

$$B(x_B^1, x_B^2, x_B^3, x_B^4).$$

~~4) No es necesario~~

- 4) La métrica del espacio de 4 dimensiones es:

$$ds^2 = g_{ij} dx^i dx^j.$$

Notación:

(2)
$$dQ = \frac{M_{ij} dx^i dx^j}{\sqrt{N_{pq} dx^p dx^q}}$$

El cociente
dQ

Principio variacional

$$\delta \int_A^B dQ = 0$$

(1)

El numerador del cociente
dQ.

(3)
$$dv^2 = M_{ij} dx^i dx^j$$

numerador

El denominador del cociente
dQ

(4)
$$d\tau = \sqrt{N_{pq} dx^p dx^q}$$

denominador

$$(5) \quad d\tau^2 = N_{pq} dx^p dx^q \quad \text{Subradicant}^3$$

$$(2) \quad dQ = \frac{dr^2}{d\tau^2}$$

$$(2) \quad dQ = \frac{dr^2}{\sqrt{d\tau^2}}$$

La variación del numerador $\delta(dr^2)$

$$\delta(dr^2)$$

según (3) $dr^2 = M_{ij} dx^i dx^j$

$$\delta(dr^2) = \left\{ \frac{\partial M_{ij}}{\partial x^k} dx^i dx^j \delta x^k + M_{ij} d(\delta x^i) dx^j + M_{ij} dx^i d(\delta x^j) \right\}$$

$$(6) \delta(dx^2) = \left\{ \frac{\partial M_{ij}}{\partial x^k} dx^i dx^j \delta x^k + M_{kj} dx^j d(\delta x^k) + M_{ik} dx^i d(\delta x^k) \right\}$$

La variación del denominador

$$\delta(d\tau)$$

$$(4) d\tau = \sqrt{N_{pq} dx^p dx^q}$$

$$\delta(d\tau) = \frac{\frac{\partial N_{pq}}{\partial x^k} dx^p dx^q \delta x^k + N_{pq} d(\delta x^p) dx^q + N_{pq} dx^p d(\delta x^q)}{2 \sqrt{N_{pq} dx^p dx^q}}$$

$$(7) \delta(d\tau) = \frac{\frac{\partial N_{pq}}{\partial x^k} dx^p dx^q \delta x^k + N_{kq} dx^q d(\delta x^k) + N_{pk} dx^p d(\delta x^k)}{2 d\tau}$$

La variación del cociente dQ

$$(2) \quad dQ = \frac{dv^2}{d\tau} \quad (\text{página 3})$$

$$\delta(dQ) = \frac{\delta(dv^2)}{d\tau} - \frac{dv^2 \delta(d\tau)}{d\tau^2}$$

$$\delta(dQ) = \frac{\delta(dv^2)}{d\tau} - \frac{dv^2 \delta(d\tau)}{d\tau^2}$$

(8)

$$\begin{aligned} \delta(dQ) = & \left[\frac{\partial M_{ij}}{\partial x^k} \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} dx^j \delta x^k \right. \\ & + M_{kj} \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} d(\delta x^k) + M_{ik} \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} d(\delta x^k) \\ & \left. - \frac{1}{2} M_{ij} \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} \left(\frac{\partial N_{pq}}{\partial x^k} \frac{dx^p}{d\tau} dx^q \delta x^k \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + N_{kj} \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} d(\delta x^k) \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + N_{pk} \frac{dx^p}{d\tau} d(\delta x^k) \right) \right] \end{aligned}$$

9.1)

$$I_1 = \int_A^B \frac{\partial M_{ij}}{\partial x^k} \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} \delta x^k d\tau;$$

9.2)

$$I_2 = \int_A^B M_{kj} \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} d(\delta x^k);$$

9.3)

$$I_3 = \int_A^B M_{ik} \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} d(\delta x^k);$$

9.4)

$$I_4 = -\frac{1}{2} \int_A^B M_{ij} \frac{\partial N_{pq}}{\partial x^k} \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} \frac{dx^p}{d\tau} \frac{dx^q}{d\tau} \delta x^k d\tau;$$

9.5)

$$I_5 = -\frac{1}{2} \int_A^B M_{ij} N_{kq} \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} \frac{dx^q}{d\tau} d(\delta x^k);$$

9.6)

$$I_6 = -\frac{1}{2} \int_A^B M_{ij} N_{pk} \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} \frac{dx^p}{d\tau} d(\delta x^k).$$

Transformación de I_2

9.2)

$$I_2 = \int_A^B M_{kj} \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} d(\delta x^k)$$

$$I_2 = - \int_A^B \delta x^k \left(\frac{\partial M_{kj}}{\partial x^i} \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} + M_{kj} \frac{d^2 x^j}{d\tau^2} \right) d\tau$$

$$I_2 = - \int_A^B \left[\frac{\partial M_{kj}}{\partial x^i} \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} + M_{kj} \frac{d^2 x^j}{d\tau^2} \right] \delta x^k d\tau$$

Transformación de I_3

9.3)
$$I_3 = \int_A^B M_{ik} \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} d(\delta x^k).$$

10.3)
$$I_3 = - \int_A^B \left[\frac{\partial M_{ik}}{\partial x^j} \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} + M_{ik} \frac{d^2 x^i}{d\tau^2} \right] \delta x^k d\tau$$

Transformación de I_5

$$I_5 = -\frac{1}{2} \int_A^B M_{ij} N_{kg} \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} \frac{dx^g}{d\tau} d(\delta x^k)$$

$$I_5 = +\frac{1}{2} \int_A^B \left[\left(\frac{\partial M_{ij} N_{kg}}{\partial x^p} + M_{ij} \frac{\partial N_{kg}}{\partial x^p} \right) \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} \frac{dx^p}{d\tau} \frac{dx^g}{d\tau} \right. \\ \left. + M_{ij} N_{kg} \frac{d^2 x^i}{d\tau^2} \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} \frac{dx^g}{d\tau} \right. \\ \left. + M_{ij} N_{kg} \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} \frac{d^2 x^j}{d\tau^2} \frac{dx^g}{d\tau} \right. \\ \left. + M_{ij} N_{kg} \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} \frac{d^2 x^g}{d\tau^2} \right] \delta x^k d\tau$$

Transformación de I_0 .

9.6)
$$I_0 = -\frac{1}{2} \int_A^B M_{ij} N_{pk} \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} \frac{dx^p}{d\tau} d(\delta x^k).$$

$$I_0 \stackrel{+\frac{1}{2}}{=} \int_A^B \left[\left\langle \frac{\partial M_{ij}}{\partial x^q} N_{pk} + M_{ij} \frac{\partial N_{pk}}{\partial x^q} \right\rangle \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} \frac{dx^p}{d\tau} \frac{dx^q}{d\tau} + M_{ij} N_{pk} \frac{d^2 x^i}{d\tau^2} \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} \frac{dx^p}{d\tau} + M_{ij} N_{pk} \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} \frac{d^2 x^j}{d\tau^2} \frac{dx^p}{d\tau} + M_{ij} N_{pk} \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} \frac{d^2 x^p}{d\tau^2} \right] \delta x^k d\tau$$

Ecuaciones diferenciales de las 11 extremales.

$$\frac{\partial M_{ij}}{\partial x^k} \frac{dx^i}{dt} \frac{dx^j}{dt} - \frac{\partial M_{kj}}{\partial x^i} \frac{dx^i}{dt} \frac{dx^j}{dt} - M_{kj} \frac{d^2 x^j}{dt^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\partial M_{ik}}{\partial x^j} \frac{dx^i}{dt} \frac{dx^j}{dt} - M_{ik} \frac{d^2 x^i}{dt^2}$$

$$- \frac{1}{2} M_{ij} \frac{\partial N_{pq}}{\partial x^k} \frac{dx^i}{dt} \frac{dx^j}{dt} \frac{dx^p}{dt} \frac{dx^q}{dt}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \left\langle \frac{\partial M_{ij}}{\partial x^p} N_{kq} + M_{ij} \frac{\partial N_{kq}}{\partial x^p} \right\rangle \frac{dx^i}{dt} \frac{dx^j}{dt} \frac{dx^p}{dt} \frac{dx^q}{dt}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} M_{ij} N_{kq} \frac{d^2 x^i}{dt^2} \frac{dx^j}{dt} \frac{dx^q}{dt}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} M_{ij} N_{kq} \frac{dx^i}{dt} \frac{d^2 x^j}{dt^2} \frac{dx^q}{dt}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} M_{ij} N_{kq} \frac{dx^i}{dt} \frac{dx^j}{dt} \frac{d^2 x^q}{dt^2}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \left\langle \frac{\partial M_{ij}}{\partial x^q} N_{pk} + M_{ij} \frac{\partial N_{pk}}{\partial x^q} \right\rangle \frac{dx^i}{dt} \frac{dx^j}{dt} \frac{dx^p}{dt} \frac{dx^q}{dt}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} M_{ij} N_{pk} \frac{d^2 x^i}{dt^2} \frac{dx^j}{dt} \frac{dx^p}{dt}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} M_{ij} N_{pk} \frac{dx^i}{dt} \frac{d^2 x^j}{dt^2} \frac{dx^p}{dt}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} M_{ij} N_{pk} \frac{dx^i}{dt} \frac{dx^j}{dt} \frac{d^2 x^p}{dt^2}$$

$$\frac{dx^i}{dt} = \frac{dx^i}{ds}$$

$$\frac{dx^i}{ds} = \frac{dx^i}{d\bar{t}} \frac{d\bar{t}}{ds}$$

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} = \frac{d^2 x^i}{d\bar{t}^2} \left(\frac{d\bar{t}}{ds} \right)^2 + \frac{dx^i}{d\bar{t}} \frac{d^2 \bar{t}}{ds^2}$$

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{d\bar{t}^2} = \frac{\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2}}{\left(\frac{d\bar{t}}{ds} \right)^2} - \frac{dx^i}{d\bar{t}} \frac{\frac{d^2 \bar{t}}{ds^2}}{\left(\frac{d\bar{t}}{ds} \right)^2}$$

$$(4) \quad d\bar{t} = \sqrt{N_{pq} dx^p dx^q}$$

phg. 2.

$$\frac{d\bar{t}}{ds} = \sqrt{N_{pq} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{dx^q}{ds}}$$

$$\frac{d^2 \bar{t}}{ds^2} = \frac{\frac{\partial N_{pq}}{\partial x^r} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{dx^q}{ds} \frac{dx^r}{ds} + N_{pq} \frac{d^2 x^p}{ds^2} \frac{dx^q}{ds} + N_{pq} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{d^2 x^q}{ds^2}}{2 \sqrt{N_{pq} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{dx^q}{ds}}}$$

$$\frac{d^2 \bar{t}}{ds^2} = \frac{\partial N_{pq}}{\partial x^r} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{dx^q}{ds} \frac{dx^r}{ds} + N_{pq} \frac{d^2 x^p}{ds^2} \frac{dx^q}{ds} + N_{pq} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{d^2 x^q}{ds^2}$$

α3)

$$\frac{d^2 \bar{t}}{ds^2} = \frac{\frac{\partial N_{pq}}{\partial x^r} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{dx^q}{ds} \frac{dx^r}{ds} + N_{pq} \frac{d^2 x^p}{ds^2} \frac{dx^q}{ds} + N_{pq} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{d^2 x^q}{ds^2}}{2 \sqrt{N_{pq} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{dx^q}{ds}}}$$

α4)

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^i} = \left(\frac{\partial h_{ip}}{\partial x^q} - \frac{\partial h_{pq}}{\partial x^i} \right) \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{dx^q}{ds}$$

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{d\tau^i} = \left(\frac{\partial h_{ip}}{\partial x^q} - \frac{\partial h_{pq}}{\partial x^i} \right) \frac{dx^p}{d\tau} \frac{dx^q}{d\tau}$$

$$- \frac{1}{2} \frac{dx^i}{d\tau} \left[\frac{\partial N_{pq}}{\partial x^r} \frac{dx^p}{d\tau} \frac{dx^q}{d\tau} \frac{dx^r}{d\tau} \right]$$

$$(4) \quad d\tau = \sqrt{N_{pq} dx^p dx^q}$$

$$\alpha 2) \quad \frac{d\tau}{ds} = \sqrt{N_{pq} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{dx^q}{ds}}$$

$$\alpha 3) \quad \frac{d^2\tau}{ds^2} = \frac{\frac{\partial N_{pq}}{\partial x^r} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{dx^q}{ds} \frac{dx^r}{ds} + N_{pq} \frac{d^2x^p}{ds^2} \frac{dx^q}{ds} + N_{pq} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{d^2x^q}{ds^2}}{2 \sqrt{N_{pq} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{dx^q}{ds}}}$$

$$\frac{d^2\tau}{ds^2} = \frac{1}{2 \left(\frac{d\tau}{ds} \right)} \left[\frac{\partial N_{pq}}{\partial x^r} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{dx^q}{ds} \frac{dx^r}{ds} + N_{pq} \left(\frac{\partial h_{pr}}{\partial x^t} - \frac{\partial h_{rt}}{\partial x^p} \right) \frac{dx^q}{ds} \frac{dx^r}{ds} \frac{dx^t}{ds} + N_{pq} \left(\frac{\partial h_{qr}}{\partial x^t} - \frac{\partial h_{rt}}{\partial x^q} \right) \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{dx^r}{ds} \frac{dx^t}{ds} \right]$$

$$\frac{d^2\tau}{ds^2} = \frac{1}{2 \left(\frac{d\tau}{ds} \right)} \left[\frac{\partial N_{pq}}{\partial x^r} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{dx^q}{ds} \frac{dx^r}{ds} + N_{pq} \left(\frac{\partial h_{pr}}{\partial x^t} - \frac{\partial h_{rt}}{\partial x^p} \right) \frac{dx^q}{ds} \frac{dx^r}{ds} \frac{dx^t}{ds} + N_{pq} \left(\frac{\partial h_{qr}}{\partial x^t} - \frac{\partial h_{rt}}{\partial x^q} \right) \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{dx^r}{ds} \frac{dx^t}{ds} \right]$$

$\alpha 5)$

$$\frac{d^2 \bar{t}}{ds^2} = \frac{1}{2 \left(\frac{d\bar{t}}{ds} \right)} \left[\begin{aligned} & \frac{\partial N_{pq}}{\partial x^r} \\ & + N_{tq} \left(\frac{\partial h_{tr}}{\partial x^p} - \frac{\partial h_{rp}}{\partial x^t} \right) \\ & + N_{pt} \left(\frac{\partial h_{tr}}{\partial x^q} - \frac{\partial h_{rq}}{\partial x^t} \right) \end{aligned} \right] \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{dx^q}{ds} \frac{dx^r}{ds}$$

 $\alpha 6)$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{d^2 \bar{t}}{ds^2} \right)}{\left(\frac{d\bar{t}}{ds} \right)^2} = \frac{1}{2} \left[\begin{aligned} & \frac{\partial N_{pq}}{\partial x^r} \\ & + N_{tq} \left(\frac{\partial h_{tr}}{\partial x^p} - \frac{\partial h_{rp}}{\partial x^t} \right) \\ & + N_{pt} \left(\frac{\partial h_{tr}}{\partial x^q} - \frac{\partial h_{rq}}{\partial x^t} \right) \end{aligned} \right] \frac{dx^p}{d\bar{t}} \frac{dx^q}{d\bar{t}} \frac{dx^r}{d\bar{t}}$$

Ecuaciones de las líneas de
universo de Birkhoff con $d\tau$
como parámetro.

$\propto 4$ pág. 13) $\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} = \left(\frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^i} \right) \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds}$

$$\frac{dx^i}{d\tau} = \frac{dx^i}{ds} \frac{ds}{d\tau}$$

$$\frac{dx^i}{d\tau} = \frac{\frac{dx^i}{ds}}{\frac{d\tau}{ds}}$$

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{d\tau^2} = \frac{\frac{ds}{d\tau} \frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} - \frac{dx^i}{ds} \frac{d^2 \tau}{ds^2}}{\left(\frac{ds}{d\tau} \right)^3}$$

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{d\tau^2} = \left(\frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^i} \right) \frac{dx^j}{d\tau} \frac{dx^k}{d\tau} - \frac{\frac{d^2 \tau}{ds^2}}{\left(\frac{ds}{d\tau} \right)^2} \frac{dx^i}{d\tau}$$

4 pág. 4) $d\tau = \sqrt{N_{pq} dx^p dx^q}$

22 pág 12) $\frac{d\tau}{ds} = \sqrt{N_{pq} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{dx^q}{ds}}$

$$\frac{d^2\tau}{ds^2} = \frac{N_{pq} \frac{d^2x^p}{ds^2} \frac{dx^q}{ds} + N_{pq} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{d^2x^q}{ds^2} + \frac{\partial N_{pq}}{\partial x^r} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{dx^q}{ds} \frac{dx^r}{ds}}{2 \sqrt{N_{pq} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{dx^q}{ds}}}$$

$$\frac{d^2\tau}{ds^2} = \frac{1}{2} \left[N_{pq} \left(\frac{\partial h_{pa}}{\partial x^b} - \frac{\partial h_{ab}}{\partial x^p} \right) \frac{dx^a}{ds} \frac{dx^b}{ds} \frac{dx^q}{d\tau} \right. \\ \left. + N_{pq} \left(\frac{\partial h_{qa}}{\partial x^b} - \frac{\partial h_{ab}}{\partial x^q} \right) \frac{dx^p}{d\tau} \frac{dx^a}{ds} \frac{dx^b}{ds} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{\partial N_{pq}}{\partial x^r} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{dx^q}{ds} \frac{dx^r}{d\tau} \right]$$

$$\frac{d^2\tau}{ds^2} \left(\frac{d\tau}{ds} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{2} \left[N_{pq} \left(\frac{\partial h_{pa}}{\partial x^b} - \frac{\partial h_{ab}}{\partial x^p} \right) \frac{dx^a}{d\tau} \frac{dx^b}{d\tau} \frac{dx^q}{d\tau} \right. \\ \left. + N_{pq} \left(\frac{\partial h_{qa}}{\partial x^b} - \frac{\partial h_{ab}}{\partial x^q} \right) \frac{dx^a}{d\tau} \frac{dx^b}{d\tau} \frac{dx^p}{d\tau} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{\partial N_{pq}}{\partial x^r} \frac{dx^p}{d\tau} \frac{dx^q}{d\tau} \frac{dx^r}{d\tau} \right]$$

$$\frac{d^2 \tau}{ds^2} = \frac{1}{2} \left[\left(N_{pq} + N_{qp} \right) \left(\frac{\partial h_{pa}}{\partial x^b} - \frac{\partial h_{ab}}{\partial x^p} \right) + \frac{\partial N_{ab}}{\partial x^q} \right] \frac{dx^a}{d\tau} \frac{dx^b}{d\tau} \frac{dx^q}{d\tau}$$

$$\frac{d^2 \tau}{ds^2} = \left[N_{pq} \left(\frac{\partial h_{pa}}{\partial x^b} - \frac{\partial h_{ab}}{\partial x^p} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial N_{ab}}{\partial x^q} \right] \frac{dx^a}{d\tau} \frac{dx^b}{d\tau} \frac{dx^q}{d\tau}$$

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①

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} = \Delta^{im} \left[\frac{\partial h_{mj}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} \right] \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds}.$$

$$\frac{d^2 t}{ds^2} = \left[\frac{\partial h_{1j}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{kj}}{\partial t} \right] \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d^2 t}{ds^2} = & + \left[\frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial t} \right] \frac{dt}{ds} \frac{dt}{ds} \\ & + \left[\frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial x^\alpha} - \frac{\partial h_{\alpha 1}}{\partial t} \right] \frac{dt}{ds} \frac{dx^\alpha}{ds} \\ & + \left[\frac{\partial h_{1\alpha}}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial h_{1\alpha}}{\partial t} \right] \frac{dx^\alpha}{ds} \frac{dt}{ds} \\ & + \left[\frac{\partial h_{1\alpha}}{\partial x^\beta} - \frac{\partial h_{\beta\alpha}}{\partial t} \right] \frac{dx^\alpha}{ds} \frac{dx^\beta}{ds} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} = - \left(\frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^i} \right) \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} \quad i=2, 3, 4.$$

$$\frac{d^2 x}{ds^2} = - \left(\frac{\partial h_{2j}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^2} \right) \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds}$$

$$\boxed{i=2}$$

$$\frac{d^2 t}{ds^2} = \left(\frac{\partial h_{4j}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial t} \right) \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds}$$

~~≡~~

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{\frac{dx}{ds}}{\frac{dt}{ds}} = \frac{x'}{t'}$$

$$\dot{x} = \frac{x'}{t'}$$

$$\ddot{x} = \frac{t' x'' - x' t''}{t'^3} = \frac{\frac{d}{ds}(\dot{x})}{\frac{dt}{ds}}$$

$$\ddot{x} = \frac{x''}{t'^2} - \dot{x} \frac{t''}{t'^2}$$

$$\ddot{x}^i = \left[\left(\frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial h_{2j}}{\partial x^k} \right) \dot{x}^j \dot{x}^k + \left(\frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial h_{1j}}{\partial x^k} \right) \dot{x}^j \dot{x}^k \dot{x}^i \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \ddot{x}^0 = & \left(\frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial h_{21}}{\partial t} \right) \\ & + \left(\frac{\partial h_{1\beta}}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial h_{21}}{\partial x^\beta} \right) \dot{x}^\beta \\ & + \left(\frac{\partial h_{\beta 1}}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial h_{2\beta}}{\partial t} \right) \dot{x}^\beta \\ & + \left(\frac{\partial h_{\beta\gamma}}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial h_{2\beta}}{\partial x^\gamma} \right) \dot{x}^\beta \dot{x}^\gamma \\ & + \left(\frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial t} \right) \dot{x}^\beta \dot{x}^\gamma \\ & + \left(\frac{\partial h_{1\beta}}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial x^\beta} \right) \dot{x}^\beta \dot{x}^\gamma \\ & + \left(\frac{\partial h_{\beta 1}}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial h_{1\beta}}{\partial t} \right) \dot{x}^\beta \dot{x}^\gamma \\ & + \left(\frac{\partial h_{\beta\gamma}}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial h_{1\beta}}{\partial x^\gamma} \right) \dot{x}^\beta \dot{x}^\gamma \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \ddot{x} = & \left(\frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial h_{21}}{\partial t} \right) \\
 & + \left(2 \frac{\partial h_{1\beta}}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial h_{2\beta}}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial h_{12}}{\partial x^\beta} \right) \dot{x}^\beta \\
 & + \left(\frac{\partial h_{1\beta}}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial x^\beta} \right) \dot{x} \dot{x}^\beta \\
 & + \left(\frac{\partial h_{\beta\gamma}}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial h_{2\beta}}{\partial x^\gamma} \right) \dot{x}^\beta \dot{x}^\gamma \\
 & + \left(\frac{\partial h_{\beta\gamma}}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial h_{1\beta}}{\partial x^\gamma} \right) \dot{x} \dot{x}^\beta \dot{x}^\gamma
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\ddot{x}^\alpha = \left[\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial x^\alpha} - \frac{\partial h_{1\alpha}}{\partial t} \right) \\ & + \left(2 \frac{\partial h_{1\beta}}{\partial x^\alpha} - \frac{\partial h_{1\alpha}}{\partial x^\beta} - \frac{\partial h_{\alpha\beta}}{\partial t} \right) \dot{x}^\beta \\ & + \left(\frac{\partial h_{\beta\gamma}}{\partial x^\alpha} - \frac{\partial h_{\alpha\beta}}{\partial x^\gamma} \right) \dot{x}^\beta \dot{x}^\gamma \\ & + \left(\frac{\partial h_{4\beta}}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial x^\beta} \right) \dot{x}^\alpha \dot{x}^\beta \\ & + \left(\frac{\partial h_{\beta\gamma}}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial h_{4\beta}}{\partial x^\gamma} \right) \dot{x}^\alpha \dot{x}^\beta \dot{x}^\gamma \end{aligned} \right]$$

$h_{11} = \Phi = \text{potencial. escalar}$

$(h_{12}, h_{13}, h_{14}) = \vec{P} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{potencial} \\ \text{vectorial} \end{array} \right\}$

$\begin{pmatrix} h_{22} & h_{23} & h_{24} \\ h_{32} & h_{33} & h_{34} \\ h_{42} & h_{43} & h_{44} \end{pmatrix} = T^{\alpha\beta} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{potencial} \\ \text{tensorial} \end{array} \right\}$

$\vec{a}$ = vector aceleración

$$\vec{a} = (\ddot{x}, \ddot{y}, \ddot{z}) = (\ddot{x}^0, \ddot{x}^3, \ddot{x}^4)$$

$\vec{v}$ = vector velocidad

$$\vec{v} = (\dot{x}, \dot{y}, \dot{z}) = (\dot{x}^2, \dot{x}^3, \dot{x}^4)$$

$$\vec{a} = \left[\begin{aligned} &\nabla \Phi - \frac{\partial \vec{P}}{\partial t} + 2 \nabla (\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}) \\ &- (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \vec{P} - \frac{\partial T \vec{v}}{\partial t} \\ &+ \nabla \{ (T \vec{v}) \cdot \vec{v} \} - (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) (T \vec{v}) \\ &+ \left(\frac{\partial \vec{P}}{\partial t} \cdot \vec{v} \right) \vec{v} - \{ (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \Phi \} \vec{v} \\ &+ \left\{ \left(\frac{\partial T \vec{v}}{\partial t} \right) \cdot \vec{v} \right\} \vec{v} - \{ (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) (\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}) \} \vec{v} \end{aligned} \right]$$

$$\vec{a} = \left[\begin{aligned} &\nabla \left[\Phi + 2(\vec{p} \cdot \vec{v}) + (T\vec{v}) \cdot \vec{v} \right] \\ &- \frac{\partial \vec{p}}{\partial t} - (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \vec{p} - \frac{\partial T\vec{v}}{\partial t} - (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla)(T\vec{v}) \\ &+ \left[-(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \Phi + \frac{\partial \vec{p}}{\partial t} \cdot \vec{v} - (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla)(\vec{p} \cdot \vec{v}) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \left\{ \left(\frac{\partial T\vec{v}}{\partial t} \right) \cdot \vec{v} \right\} \right] \end{aligned} \right] \vec{v}$$

$$\vec{a} = \left[\begin{aligned} &\nabla \left[\Phi + 2(\vec{p} \cdot \vec{v}) + (T\vec{v}) \cdot \vec{v} \right] \\ &- \frac{\partial \vec{p}}{\partial t} - (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \vec{p} - \frac{\partial T\vec{v}}{\partial t} - (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla)(T\vec{v}) \\ &+ \left[-(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \Phi + \frac{\partial \vec{p}}{\partial t} \cdot \vec{v} - (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla)(\vec{p} \cdot \vec{v}) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \left\{ \left(\frac{\partial T\vec{v}}{\partial t} \right) \cdot \vec{v} \right\} \right] \end{aligned} \right] \vec{v}$$

Caso del Campo Central.

$$\vec{P} = 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \Phi & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \Phi & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \Phi & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \Phi \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T = \begin{pmatrix} \Phi & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \Phi & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \Phi \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T\vec{v} = \Phi\vec{v}$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{P}}{\partial t} = 0 \quad \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = 0$$

$$(T\vec{v}) \cdot \vec{v} = \Phi v^2$$

$$\vec{a} = \left[\nabla [\Phi + \Phi v^2] - (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla)(\Phi \vec{v}) - \{(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \Phi\} \vec{v} \right]$$

$$\vec{a} = (1 + v^2) \nabla \Phi - 2(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \Phi \vec{v}$$

$$\Phi = \frac{M}{r} \quad \nabla \Phi = -\frac{M\vec{r}}{r^3}$$

$$\vec{a} = (1 + v^2) \frac{M\vec{r}}{r^3} + 2(\vec{v} \cdot \frac{M\vec{r}}{r^3}) M \vec{v}$$

$$\ddot{x} = + \frac{M}{r^3} [-x - xv^2 + 2\cancel{r\dot{r}} 2r\dot{r}\dot{x}]$$

$$\vec{v} \cdot \vec{r} = r\dot{r}$$

$$\ddot{x} = \frac{M}{r^3} [-x - xv^2 + 2r\dot{r}\dot{x}]$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v} = \left[(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \Phi + (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) (\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}) + \right. \\ \left. - \vec{v} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{P}}{\partial t} - \left(\frac{\partial \Gamma}{\partial t} \vec{v} \right) \cdot \vec{v} \right] \\ + \left[-(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \Phi + \frac{\partial \vec{P}}{\partial t} \cdot \vec{v} - (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) (\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}) \right. \\ \left. + \left(\frac{\partial \Gamma}{\partial t} \vec{v} \right) \cdot \vec{v} \right] \quad \text{---}$$

$$(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \vec{P} = v^x \frac{\partial \vec{P}}{\partial x} + v^y \frac{\partial \vec{P}}{\partial y} + v^z \frac{\partial \vec{P}}{\partial z}$$

$$[(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \vec{P}] \cdot \vec{v} = v^x \frac{\partial (\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v})}{\partial x} + v^y \frac{\partial (\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v})}{\partial y} + v^z \frac{\partial (\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v})}{\partial z}$$

$$\rightarrow (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \vec{P} = \begin{pmatrix} i \left(v^x \frac{\partial P^x}{\partial x} + v^y \frac{\partial P^x}{\partial y} + v^z \frac{\partial P^x}{\partial z} \right) \\ + j \left(v^x \frac{\partial P^y}{\partial x} + v^y \frac{\partial P^y}{\partial y} + v^z \frac{\partial P^y}{\partial z} \right) \\ + k \left(v^x \frac{\partial P^z}{\partial x} + v^y \frac{\partial P^z}{\partial y} + v^z \frac{\partial P^z}{\partial z} \right) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{\nabla})(T_{\vec{v}}) =$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & i \left[v^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (T^{xx} v^x) + v^y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (T^{xx} v^x) + v^z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (T^{xx} v^x) \right. \\
 & \quad + v^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (T^{xy} v^y) + v^y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (T^{xy} v^y) + v^z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (T^{xy} v^y) \\
 & \quad \left. + v^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (T^{xz} v^z) + v^y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (T^{xz} v^z) + v^z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (T^{xz} v^z) \right] \\
 & + j \left[v^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (T^{yx} v^x) + v^y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (T^{yx} v^x) + v^z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (T^{yx} v^x) \right. \\
 & \quad + v^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (T^{yy} v^y) + v^y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (T^{yy} v^y) + v^z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (T^{yy} v^y) \\
 & \quad \left. + v^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (T^{yz} v^z) + v^y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (T^{yz} v^z) + v^z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (T^{yz} v^z) \right] \\
 & + k \left[v^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (T^{zx} v^x) + v^y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (T^{zx} v^x) + v^z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (T^{zx} v^x) \right. \\
 & \quad + v^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (T^{zy} v^y) + v^y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (T^{zy} v^y) + v^z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (T^{zy} v^y) \\
 & \quad \left. + v^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (T^{zz} v^z) + v^y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (T^{zz} v^z) + v^z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (T^{zz} v^z) \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\{(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \vec{P}\} \cdot \vec{v} = \left[v^x \frac{\partial p^x}{\partial x} v^x + v^y \frac{\partial p^x}{\partial y} v^x + v^z \frac{\partial p^x}{\partial z} v^x \right. \\ \left. + v^x \frac{\partial p^y}{\partial x} v^y + v^y \frac{\partial p^y}{\partial y} v^y + v^z \frac{\partial p^y}{\partial z} v^y \right. \\ \left. + v^x \frac{\partial p^z}{\partial x} v^z + v^y \frac{\partial p^z}{\partial y} v^z + v^z \frac{\partial p^z}{\partial z} v^z \right]$$

$$\{(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \vec{P}\} \cdot \vec{v} = \left(v^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + v^y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} + v^z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \right) (p^x v^x + p^y v^y + p^z v^z)$$

$$\boxed{\{(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \vec{P}\} \cdot \vec{v} = (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla)(\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v})}$$

$$\underline{(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla)(T \vec{v})}$$

$$T \vec{v} = \left[i(T^{xx} v^x + T^{xy} v^y + T^{xz} v^z) \right. \\ \left. + j(T^{yx} v^x + T^{yy} v^y + T^{yz} v^z) \right. \\ \left. + k(T^{zx} v^x + T^{zy} v^y + T^{zz} v^z) \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left[(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) (T \vec{v}) \right] \cdot \vec{v} = \\
& v^x v^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (T^{xx} v^x) + v^x v^y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (T^{xx} v^x) + v^x v^z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (T^{xx} v^x) \\
& + v^x v^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (T^{xy} v^y) + v^x v^y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (T^{xy} v^y) + v^x v^z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (T^{xy} v^y) \\
& + v^x v^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (T^{xz} v^z) + v^x v^y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (T^{xz} v^z) + v^x v^z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (T^{xz} v^z) \\
& + v^y v^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (T^{yx} v^x) + v^y v^y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (T^{yx} v^x) + v^y v^z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (T^{yx} v^x) \\
& + v^y v^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (T^{yy} v^y) + v^y v^y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (T^{yy} v^y) + v^y v^z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (T^{yy} v^y) \\
& + v^y v^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (T^{yz} v^z) + v^y v^y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (T^{yz} v^z) + v^y v^z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (T^{yz} v^z) \\
& + v^z v^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (T^{zx} v^x) + v^z v^y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (T^{zx} v^x) + v^z v^z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (T^{zx} v^x) \\
& + v^z v^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (T^{zy} v^y) + v^z v^y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (T^{zy} v^y) + v^z v^z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (T^{zy} v^y) \\
& + v^z v^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (T^{zz} v^z) + v^z v^y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (T^{zz} v^z) + v^z v^z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (T^{zz} v^z)
\end{aligned}$$

$$[(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla)(\gamma \vec{v})] \cdot \vec{v} = (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \{ (\gamma \vec{v}) \cdot \vec{v} \}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v} = \left[(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \Phi + (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla)(\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}) - \frac{\partial \vec{P}}{\partial t} \cdot \vec{v} - \left(\frac{\partial \gamma}{\partial t} \vec{v} \right) \cdot \vec{v} \right] (1 - v^2)$$

$$\frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v}}{1 - v^2} = \left[(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \Phi + (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla)(\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}) - \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}) - \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \{ (\gamma \vec{v}) \cdot \vec{v} \} \right]$$

$$\vec{a} = \left[\nabla \left[\Phi + 2(\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}) + (\gamma \vec{v}) \cdot \vec{v} \right] - \frac{\partial \vec{P}}{\partial t} - (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \vec{P} - \frac{\partial \gamma}{\partial t} \vec{v} - (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla)(\gamma \vec{v}) - \frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v}}{1 - v^2} \vec{v} \right]$$

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$$\vec{a} + \frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v}}{1 - v^2} \vec{v} = \left[\begin{aligned} &\nabla \left[\Phi + 2(\vec{p} \cdot \vec{v}) + (\vec{T} \cdot \vec{v}) \right] \\ &- \frac{\partial \vec{p}}{\partial t} - (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \vec{p} \\ &- \frac{\partial \vec{T}}{\partial t} \vec{v} - (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) (\vec{T} \vec{v}) \end{aligned} \right]$$

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T

$$x' = \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\ddot{x} = \frac{x''}{t'^2} - \dot{x} \frac{t''}{t'^2} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \ddot{x} = \frac{x''}{t'^2} - \dot{x} \frac{t''}{t'^2} \\ \ddot{y} = \frac{y''}{t'^2} - \dot{y} \frac{t''}{t'^2} \\ \ddot{z} = \frac{z''}{t'^2} - \dot{z} \frac{t''}{t'^2} \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \dot{x} = \frac{x'}{t'} \\ \dot{y} = \frac{y'}{t'} \\ \dot{z} = \frac{z'}{t'} \end{array}$$

$$\ddot{y} = \frac{y''}{t'^2} - \dot{y} \frac{t''}{t'^2}$$

$$\ddot{z} = \frac{z''}{t'^2} - \dot{z} \frac{t''}{t'^2}$$

$$\dot{x}\ddot{x} + \dot{y}\ddot{y} + \dot{z}\ddot{z} = \left[\frac{x'x'' + y'y'' + z'z''}{t'^3} - (\dot{x}^2 + \dot{y}^2 + \dot{z}^2) \frac{t''}{t'^2} \right]$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v} = -\frac{t't''}{t'^3} - v^2 \frac{t''}{t'^2}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v} = + \frac{t't''}{t'^3} - v^2 \frac{t''}{t'^2}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v} = + (1 - v^2) \frac{t''}{t'^2}$$

$$\frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v}}{1 - v^2} = \frac{t''}{t'^2}$$

$$\ddot{x} = \frac{x''}{t'^2} - \dot{x} \frac{t''}{t'^2}$$

$$\dot{x} = \frac{x'}{t'}$$

$$\ddot{y} = \frac{y''}{t'^2} - \dot{y} \frac{t''}{t'^2}$$

$$\dot{y} = \frac{y'}{t'}$$

$$\ddot{z} = \frac{z''}{t'^2} - \dot{z} \frac{t''}{t'^2}$$

$$\dot{z} = \frac{z'}{t'}$$

$$\dot{x}\ddot{x} + \dot{y}\ddot{y} + \dot{z}\ddot{z} = \frac{x'x'' + y'y'' + z'z''}{t'^3} - (\dot{x}^2 + \dot{y}^2 + \dot{z}^2) \frac{t''}{t'^2}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v} = \frac{x'x'' + y'y'' + z'z''}{t'^3} - v^2 \frac{t''}{t'^2}$$

$$t'^2 - x'^2 - y'^2 - z'^2 = 1$$

$$t't'' - x'x'' - y'y'' - z'z'' = 0$$

$$x'x'' + y'y'' + z'z'' = t't''$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v} = \frac{t't''}{t'^3} - v^2 \frac{t''}{t'^2}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v} = (1 - v^2) \frac{t''}{t'^2}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v}}{1 - v^2} = \frac{t''}{t'^2}}$$

$$\vec{a} + \frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v}}{1 - v^2} \vec{v} = \left(\frac{x''}{t'^2}, \frac{y''}{t'^2}, \frac{z''}{t'^2} \right)$$

$$t'^2 - x'^2 - y'^2 - z'^2 = 1$$

$$t'^2 - t'^2 \left(\frac{x'^2}{t'^2} - \frac{y'^2}{t'^2} - \frac{z'^2}{t'^2} \right) = 1$$

$$t'^2 [1 - v^2] = 1$$

$$\cancel{t} \quad \boxed{t' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - v^2}}}$$

$$\frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v}}{(1 - v^2)^2} = t''$$

$$ds^2 = dt^2 - dx^2 - dy^2 - dz^2$$

$$ds^2 = dt^2 [1 - v^2]$$

$$\left(\frac{dt}{ds} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{1 - v^2}$$

$$\boxed{t' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - v^2}}}$$

$$t'^2 = \frac{1}{1-v^2}$$

$$\frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v}}{1-v^2} = t''(1-v^2)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v}}{(1-v^2)^2} = t''}$$

$$t'' = \left[-t'^2 \frac{\partial \vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}}{\partial t} + t'^2 \{(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \Phi\} \right. \\ \left. - t'^2 \left\{ \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} \vec{v} \right) \cdot \vec{v} \right\} + t'^2 (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla)(\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}) \right]$$

$$\frac{t''}{t'^2} = \left[- \frac{\partial \vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}}{\partial t} + \{(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \Phi\} \right. \\ \left. - \left\{ \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} \vec{v} \right) \cdot \vec{v} \right\} + (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla)(\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}) \right]$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v}}{1-v^2} = \left[- \frac{\partial \vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}}{\partial t} + \{(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \Phi\} \right. \\ \left. - \left\{ \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} \vec{v} \right) \cdot \vec{v} \right\} + (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla)(\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}) \right]}$$

$$\vec{a} + \frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v}}{1-v^2} \vec{v} =$$

$$\left[\nabla \left[\Phi + 2(\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}) + (T \vec{v}) \cdot \vec{v} \right] - \frac{\partial \vec{P}}{\partial t} - (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \vec{P} - \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} \vec{v} - (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) (T \vec{v}) \right]$$

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$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\vec{v}}{\sqrt{1-v^2}} \right) = \frac{\vec{a}}{\sqrt{1-v^2}} + \frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v}}{(1-v^2)^{3/2}} \vec{v}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\vec{v}}{\sqrt{1-v^2}} \right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-v^2}} \left[\vec{a} + \frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v}}{1-v^2} \vec{v} \right]$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} [x', y', z'] = \frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{\vec{v}}{\sqrt{1-v^2}} \right]$$

Caso del Campo generado por⁶⁸
un punto masa en movimiento
arbitrario

$$\Phi = M \frac{1 + V^2}{\sqrt{1-V^2}(r - \vec{r} \cdot \vec{V})} = \frac{M(-1 + V^2 + 1)}{\sqrt{1-V^2}(r - \vec{r} \cdot \vec{V})}$$

$$\vec{P} = - \frac{2M\vec{V}}{\sqrt{1-V^2}(r - \vec{r} \cdot \vec{V})}$$

$$T^{\alpha\beta} = \frac{2MV^{\alpha}V^{\beta}}{\sqrt{1-V^2}(r - \vec{r} \cdot \vec{V})} + \frac{M\delta^{\alpha\beta}\sqrt{1-V^2}}{(r - \vec{r} \cdot \vec{V})}$$

$$\vec{P} \cdot \vec{V} = - \frac{2M(\vec{V} \cdot \vec{V})}{\sqrt{1-V^2}(r - \vec{r} \cdot \vec{V})}$$

$$T^{\alpha\beta}{}_{,\beta} = \frac{2MV^{\alpha}(\vec{V} \cdot \vec{V})}{\sqrt{1-V^2}(r - \vec{r} \cdot \vec{V})} + \frac{M V^{\alpha} \sqrt{1-V^2}}{(r - \vec{r} \cdot \vec{V})}$$

$$\Phi = - \frac{M\sqrt{1-V^2}}{(r - \vec{r} \cdot \vec{V})} + \frac{M}{\sqrt{1-V^2}(r - \vec{r} \cdot \vec{V})}$$

$$(T^{\alpha\beta}{}_{,\beta})_{,\alpha} = \left[\frac{2M(\vec{V} \cdot \vec{V})^2}{\sqrt{1-V^2}(r - \vec{r} \cdot \vec{V})} + M\vec{V} \cdot \vec{V} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{M V^2 \sqrt{1-V^2}}{(r - \vec{r} \cdot \vec{V})} \right]$$

$$T^{\alpha\beta}_{\nu\beta} = T_{\nu}^{\alpha} = -(\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}) \vec{V} + (1 - v^2) \Phi \vec{v}$$

$$T_{\nu}^{\alpha} = -(\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}) \vec{V} + (1 - v^2) \Phi \vec{v}$$

$$(T_{\nu}^{\alpha}) \cdot \vec{v} = -(\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v})(\vec{V} \cdot \vec{v}) + (1 - v^2) \Phi v^2$$

Campo Central

$$\vec{a} = -\frac{M\vec{r}}{r^3} (1 + v^2) + \frac{2M(\vec{r} \cdot \vec{v})}{r^3} \vec{v}$$

Campo Central

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v} = -\frac{M(\vec{r} \cdot \vec{v})}{r^3} (1 + v^2) + \frac{2M(\vec{r} \cdot \vec{v})}{r^3} v^2$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v} = -\frac{M(\vec{r} \cdot \vec{v})}{r^3} + \frac{M(\vec{r} \cdot \vec{v}) v^2}{r^3}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v} = -\frac{M(\vec{r} \cdot \vec{v})}{r^3} (1 - v^2)$$

$$\frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v}}{1 - v^2} = -\frac{M(\vec{r} \cdot \vec{v})}{r^3}$$

Campo Central

$$\vec{a} + \frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{v}}{1 - v^2} \vec{v} = -\frac{M\vec{r}}{r^3} (1 + v^2) + \frac{M(\vec{r} \cdot \vec{v})}{r^3} \vec{v}$$

$$\vec{a} = \left[\nabla [\Phi + 2(\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}) + (T\vec{v}) \cdot \vec{v}] - \frac{\partial \vec{P}}{\partial t} - (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \vec{P} - \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} \vec{v} - \{(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) T\} \vec{v} + \left[-(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \Phi + \frac{\partial \vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}}{\partial t} - \{(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \vec{P}\} \cdot \vec{v} + \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} \vec{v} \right) \cdot \vec{v} \right] \vec{v} \right]$$

$$\frac{d\vec{P}}{dt} = \frac{\partial \vec{P}}{\partial t} + (\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \vec{P};$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} \vec{v} + \{(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) T\} \vec{v} = \frac{dT}{dt} \vec{v}.$$

$$\vec{a} = \left[\nabla [\Phi + 2(\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}) + (T\vec{v}) \cdot \vec{v}] - \frac{d\vec{P}}{dt} - \left(\frac{dT}{dt} \vec{v} \right) + \left[-(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \Phi - 2(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla)(\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}) - \{(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) T\} \vec{v} + 2\{(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \vec{P}\} \cdot \vec{v} + \{(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) T\} \vec{v} + \frac{\partial \vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}}{\partial t} - \{(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) \vec{P}\} \cdot \vec{v} + \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} \vec{v} \right) \cdot \vec{v} \right] \vec{v} \right]$$

$$\vec{a} = \left[\begin{aligned} &\nabla [\Phi + 2(\vec{p} \cdot \vec{v}) + (\vec{T} \vec{v}) \cdot \vec{v}] \\ &- \frac{d\vec{p}}{dt} - \left(\frac{d\vec{T}}{dt} \vec{v} \right) \\ &+ \vec{v} \left\{ \begin{aligned} &-(\vec{v} \cdot \nabla) [\Phi + 2(\vec{p} \cdot \vec{v}) + (\vec{T} \vec{v}) \cdot \vec{v}] \\ &+ \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{p}}{dt} + \left(\frac{d\vec{T}}{dt} \vec{v} \right) \cdot \vec{v} \end{aligned} \right\} \end{aligned} \right]$$

$$\vec{a} = \left[\begin{aligned} &\nabla [\Phi + 2(\vec{p} \cdot \vec{v}) + (\vec{T} \vec{v}) \cdot \vec{v}] \\ &- \frac{d\vec{p}}{dt} - \left(\frac{d\vec{T}}{dt} \vec{v} \right) \\ &\neq \vec{v} \cdot \left(\begin{aligned} &\nabla [\Phi + 2(\vec{p} \cdot \vec{v}) + (\vec{T} \vec{v}) \cdot \vec{v}] \\ &- \frac{d\vec{p}}{dt} - \left(\frac{d\vec{T}}{dt} \vec{v} \right) \end{aligned} \right) \end{aligned} \right]$$

$$\psi = \Phi + 2(\vec{p} \cdot \vec{v}) + (T\vec{v}) \cdot \vec{v}$$

$$\vec{a} = \left[\nabla \psi - \frac{d\vec{p}}{dt} - \frac{dT}{dt} \vec{v} \right]$$

$$\left[-\vec{v} \cdot \left(\vec{v} \cdot \left\{ \nabla \psi - \frac{d\vec{p}}{dt} - \frac{dT}{dt} \vec{v} \right\} \right) \right]$$

$$\vec{\Omega} = \nabla \psi - \frac{d\vec{p}}{dt} - \frac{dT}{dt} \vec{v}$$

$$\vec{a} = \vec{\Omega} - (\vec{v} \cdot \vec{\Omega}) \vec{v}$$

ESPACIO FISICO.

fijo B (x_B, y_B, z_B) } trayectoria de una partícula exploradora

punto constante P (x, y, z) } t instante en que la partícula pasa por P.

punto entre A y B Q (x_Q, y_Q, z_Q) } τ instante en que la partícula pasa por Q

A fijo (x_A, y_A, z_A)

Definiciones:

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$$G = \int_A^P \left[\Phi + 2(\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}) + (\vec{T} \vec{v}) \cdot \vec{v} \right] dt$$

$$G_1 = \int_A^P \Phi dt$$

$$G_2 = 2 \int_A^P (\vec{P} \cdot \vec{v}) dt$$

$$G_3 = \int_A^P (\vec{T} \vec{v}) \cdot \vec{v} dt$$

$$H = \int_A^B G dt$$

~~to A B~~

to QA

$$G_1 = \int_A^P \Phi d\tau$$

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$$\delta G_1 = \int_A^P (\nabla \Phi \cdot \delta \vec{r}) d\tau$$

$$G_2 = 2 \int_A^P (\vec{p} \cdot \vec{v}) d\tau$$

$$\delta G_2 = 2 \int_A^P \left\{ (\delta \vec{r} \cdot \nabla) \vec{p} \cdot \vec{v} + \vec{p} \cdot \left(\frac{d}{dt} \delta \vec{r} \right) \right\} d\tau$$

$$\delta G_2 = 2 \left. \vec{p} \cdot \delta \vec{r} \right|_A^P + 2 \int_A^P \left\{ (\delta \vec{r} \cdot \nabla) \vec{p} \cdot \vec{v} - \left(\frac{d\vec{p}}{dt} \cdot \delta \vec{r} \right) \right\} d\tau$$

$$\delta G_2 = 2 \vec{P} \cdot \delta \vec{f} + 2 \int_A^P \left\{ \left(\delta \vec{f} \cdot \nabla \right) \vec{P} \right\} \cdot \vec{v} d\tau$$

$$- \left\{ \frac{d\vec{P}}{d\tau} \cdot \delta \vec{f} \right\} d\tau$$